CITY OF BALTIMORE COUNCIL BILL 21-0039R (Resolution)

Introduced by: Councilmembers McCray, Porter, Middleton, Ramos, Bullock, Glover, Torrence, Stokes, Conway, Cohen

Introduced and read first time: April 19, 2021

Assigned to: Health, Education, and Technology Committee

REFERRED TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES: City Solicitor, Baltimore Police Department, Baltimore City Health Department, Mayor's Office of Neighborhood Safety and Engagement, Mayor's Office of Children and Family Success, Sheriff's Office, State's Attorney's Office

A RESOLUTION ENTITLED

1 A COUNCIL RESOLUTION concerning

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Violence Against Women – An Overlooked Public Health Crisis

FOR the purpose of inviting the Police Commissioner of the Baltimore Police Department, the
Health Commissioner of the Baltimore City Health Department, the Baltimore City State's
Attorney, the Director of the Mayor's Office of Neighborhood Safety and Engagement, the
Executive Director of the Mayor's Office of Children and Family Success, the Sheriff of the
Baltimore City Sheriff's Office, and certain community-based organizations to appear before
the Baltimore City Council to discuss the rise in violence against women and what strategies
are being put in place to reverse this epidemic.

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Recitals

In 2020, the Baltimore Police Department reported its highest number of female homicides in at least a decade – or possibly ever – with nearly 50 female victims. The Police Department and other experts have stated that some of the driving forces contributing to these incidents are intimate partner violence, a rise in the number of women involved with the people or place where violent crime is occurring, and random acts of violence. Intimate partner violence accounts for 21% of all violent crime. When guns are present, there is a 500% greater chance that the incident will end up deadly.

The World Health Organization has stated that violence against women – particularly 18 intimate partner violence and sexual violence – is a major public health problem and a violation 19 of women's human rights. Population-level surveys based on reports from survivors provide the 20 21 most accurate estimates of the prevalence of intimate partner violence and sexual violence. 22 Research gathered by the organization from across 161 countries showed that an average of 1 in 3 women worldwide have been subjected to either physical or sexual intimate partner violence or 23 non-partner sexual violence in their lifetime. Intimate partner violence is the leading cause of 24 violence against women in the world, and it can lead to fatal outcomes like homicide and suicide. 25

Additionally, the health consequences associated with violence against women are wide ranging and can lead to high social and economic costs for women, their families and society. Being in an abusive relationship can cause serious short and long-term physical, mental, sexual, and reproductive health problems for women.

> EXPLANATION: <u>Underlining</u> indicates matter added by amendment. Strike out indicates matter deleted by amendment.

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In order to effectively address this problem, we must create a safety net for victims and
 survivors in collaboration with prosecution, rehabilitation, and enforcement. This approach will
 require a multi-disciplinary approach, but violence against women should be addressed as a
 public health problem.

5 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF BALTIMORE, That the 6 Council invites the Police Commissioner of the Baltimore Police Department, the Health Commissioner of the Baltimore City Health Department, the Baltimore City State's Attorney, the 7 8 Director of the Mayor's Office of Neighborhood Safety and Engagement, the Executive Director of the Mayor's Office of Children and Family Success, the Sheriff of the Baltimore City Sheriff's 9 Office, and certain community-based organizations to appear before the Baltimore City Council 10 to discuss the rise in violence against women and what strategies are being put in place to reverse 11 this epidemic. 12

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be sent to the Mayor, the Police Commissioner of the Baltimore Police Department, the Health Commissioner of the Baltimore City Health Department, the Baltimore City State's Attorney, the Director of the Mayor's Office of Neighborhood Safety and Engagement, the Executive Director of the Mayor's Office of Children and Family Success, the Sheriff of the Baltimore City Sheriff's Office, and the Mayor's Legislative Liaison to the Baltimore City Council.