

Tax Increment Financing Program City of Baltimore

Department of Finance May 2016

Authorizing TIF Legislation

- provided under Article II, Section 62 of the Baltimore City The City's authority to establish a TIF and issue TIF Bonds is Charter.
- The Act itemizes the eligible uses of TIF proceeds and states Council that TIF Bonds shall be approved by an ordinance of the City
- In most cases, TIF Bonds are also secured by a special tax levied on properties in the development district, pursuant to Article II Section 62A of the Baltimore City Charter.
- Article VII, Section 19-21 states that the Board of Finance shall determine all matters pertaining to the issuance and sale the City's Board of Finance if indebtedness. Such matters are specified in a resolution of

Legislation Continued (Uses of Proceeds)

- Under the Enabling Act, the proceeds of the TIF Bonds may be used to Inance:
- The cost of purchasing, condemning, or otherwise acquiring land or other property, in the designated development district or for a rightof-way or other easement;
- 2. Site removal;
- Surveys and studies;
- Relocation of businesses or residents;
- or within the development district, parking, lighting and other other necessary improvements including streets and roads to, from, facilities; Installation of utilities, construction of parks and playgrounds and
- 6 buildings (i) are to be devoted to a governmental use or purpose, (ii) are abandoned property, (iii) are distressed property, or (iv) will provide units of affordable housing; Construction or rehabilitation of buildings provided that such
- Costs of issuance, reserves and capitalized interest on the bonds
- Certain structured and surface parking facilities.

Board of Finance TIF Policy

- As TIFs became more popular the Board of Finance decided it was in the City's best interest to adopt a formal policy.
- applications. with a submission format and approval structure for all TIF The policy is intended to provide the City's development agencies
- have demonstrated the following: The Policy states that the Board shall consider projects when they
- Includes a significant developer/private sector contribution to the project;
- Advances the City's strategic land use, economic development and public improvement goals;
- Is not feasible and would not be completed (within a reasonable time is limited to the amount required to make the project feasible; frame) without the proposed TIF assistance ("but for" test) and assistance
- Will create positive tax revenues to the City, taking into consideration the costs of public services to be provided to the new development and the tax increment revenues that will be required to repay the bonds.

Current TIF Debt

- Currently there are 14 TIF districts within the City limits. Not all have debt associated with them.
- West Baltimore is pledged to a HUD 108 Loan;
- real estate market; Charles Village and Westport succumbed to the decline in the
- Convention Center Hotel was for operating support;
- UMBio Park and Poppleton are under development.
- As of May 15, 2016 total TIF debt outstanding was \$146 million distributed among the following projects:

	Strathdale (2003)	North Locust Point (2006)	Mondawmin Mall (2008)	Harborview (2003)	Harbor Point (2014)	East Baltimore Development (2008)	Clipper Mill (2004)	Belvedere Square (2003)
\$145,989,191	5,045,000	2,205,000	10,876,000	5,550,000	36,000,000	78,034,595	6,670,000	\$1,608,596

TIF Submission and Approval Process

Step 1:

- proposal by the City coordinating agency, such as the Baltimore for the following: The first step is the development of the preliminary TIF plan and Community Development. The coordinating agency is responsible Development Corporation or the Department of Housing and
- proposing the amount of TIF assistance, confirming the project requires this assistance (the "but for" test);

ensuring the proposed TIF will advance the City's strategic land use,

- policies; satisfies the criteria for TIF debt set forth in Section I of these economic development and public improvement goals;
- Board of Finance for step two. preparing other analysis and documentation to be submitted to the

TIF Approval Process

Step 2:

- The second step consists of presentation of the proposed TIF to the Board of Finance for concept approval.
- requests comply with the policy. The information required for this The Board of Finance shall be responsible for ensuring that TIF presentation is described below.
- the process before significant City efforts are expended preparing The purpose of this step is for the Board of Finance to confirm that the proposed TIF will be consistent with the City's policies early in legislation and moving the TIF forward.
- The Board's independent financial advisor reviews all the financial assumptions and projections.

TIF Approval Process

Step 3:

- The third step is presenting the proposed legislative package creating the TIF (and related special taxing district) to the Board of Finance for approval.
- step two. The legislative package typically includes: In addition to the legislation the Board of Finance shall also be updated on any changes to the information submitted in
- Establishment of the Development District
- Establishment of the Special Taxing District
- Authority to Issue TIF Bonds
- The City Council must approve the above legislation before the TIF is implemented and the bonds issued.

TIF Approval Process

Step 4:

- The fourth step is the submission for approval of documents authorizing the issuance of bonds to the Board of Finance
- A substantially complete offering document, trust indenture, presented in step 2. and other project related documents are submitted to the Board of Finance, along with any updates to information
- Financial projections shall be provided showing bonds issued revenues, and debt service coverage or debt incurred, projected assessed value and tax increment
- These projections are developed by the Board's independent financial advisor.

TIF Due Diligence/Risk Mitigation

- Prior to issuing the bonds the City and it's legal/financial team conduct a thorough due diligence that includes the following
- market study and appraisals of the project;
- developer financial capacity/experience;
- private financing/equity requirements;
- disclosure of any pending litigation
- engineering reports;
- permitting and governmental approvals for the development;
- estimates of the costs required to complete the project;
- value of the property that will serve as collateral to the bonds

- SEC laws require that all pertinent information relating to the project be accurate and fully disclosed.
- Finance when approval to issue the bonds is requested under step 4 of the Policy. The results of this research will also be reported to the Board of

TIF Due Diligence/Risk Mitigation

- revenues to the tax increment to ensure there are sufficient bonds. This special tax will provide a backup source of development district equal to the debt service on the A special tax will may be levied on private property in the funds to repay the bonds.
- Conditions are imposed prior to issuing the bonds: Equity and other financing must be in place,
- deemed appropriate for the project. Discretionary permits to be obtained, and other requirements as

Contracts executed with other developers and/or builders,

On-Going TIF Monitoring

- increment is sufficient to pay debt service. annual tax computation is completed to determine if the After the bonds are issued and the project is finished an
- to the debt service due on the bonds. each property in the development district and compares it This computation tabulates the property tax payments of
- within 45 days If there is a deficit and special tax bill is processed and due
- reverted to the general fund. Revenues in excess of the amount due on the bonds is

TIF Performance FY16

		Taxable					Debt	
	Bonds	Assessed Value Projected TIF FY15-16 Debt	Projected TIF	FY15-16 Debt	Surplus/	Special	Service	TIF Revenues
Project	Outstanding	July 1, 2015	Revenues	Service	(Deficit)	Taxes	Coverage	to the City
Harborview	\$5,550,000	\$62,230,721	\$1,197,275	(\$592,294)	\$604,981	ì	202%	\$604,981
Harbor Point	36,000,000	99,833,800	730,870	(1,069,544)	(338,674)	338,674	100%	1
Strathdale	5,045,000	33,959,000	685,340	(469,146)	216,194	ı	146%	216,194
Belvedere	1,608,596	9,002,000	135,096	(135,096)	ı	Ĕ	100%	, ,
Clipper Mills	6,670,000	48,277,271	838,751	(522,341)	316,410	ĩ	161%	316,410
North Locust Point	2,205,000	75,871,800	1,241,226	(241,356)	999,870	ī	514%	999,870
Mondawmin Mall	10,876,000	60,575,566	696,045	(847,045)	(151,000)	151,000	100%	ï
East Baltimore								
Series 2008A	39,705,000			(3,097,141)	(840,000)	840,000	100%	
Series 2008C-1	10,680,000			(792,722)	2,257,142	ı	385%	
Series 2008C-2	4,054,595	120,346,988	3,049,864	1	1	i	1	1
Series 2009D-1	11,870,000			(3,336,053)	(3,336,053) (3,336,053)		ı	
Series 2009D-2	11,725,000			(3,363,947)	(3,363,947) (3,363,947)	ı	1	
	\$145,989,191	\$609,930,946	\$9,305,337	(\$15,536,229) (\$3,973,751)	(\$3,973,751)	\$1,668,348	178%	\$2,137,455