COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST FOR MEETINGS SUBJECT TO THE MARYLAND OPEN MEETINGS ACT *

Na	ime o	of public body <u>Ba</u>	timore City Council	Date of Meeting:_	January 8, 2018
1.	✓	Did you give "re	asonable advance notice" a	nd keep a copy or scree	enshot?
		Did you make an agenda available when notice was posted, or, if not yet determined as soon as practicable, but at least 24 hours before the meeting?			
3.	<u> </u>	_ Did you make ar	rangements for the public to	o attend?	
4.	<u> </u>	Is someone preparaminutes in the fo	red to keep minutes in writ rm of live and archived vid	ting or, otherwise, to ruleo or audio streaming?	n the equipment for
5.		_ If part of this me	eting might be closed to the	e public, have you first:	
		Made sure Act? (eff.	that the public body design $0/1/17$)	nated a member to take	training in the
		Made sure the 14 "exc	that the topic to be discusse eptions" that allow the clo	ed falls entirely within sed session? (see over	one or more of for the list)
		Given notices so that the	ce of the open meeting to b presiding officer can hold t	e held right before the he required public vote	closed session, e to close?
		designated attend, ma	that the initial open mee to take training in the Act le sure that the public body t the open meeting and ke	, and, if a designated r is ready to complete the	nember cannot nis compliance
		required of	the presiding officer to p lisclosures? (for a mod <u>marylandattorneygeneral.</u> <u>x</u>)	el form with instru	ctions, go to
		Equipped texceptions	he presiding officer to limit and topics cited on the wri	t the closed session di tten closing statement?	scussion to the
		Arranged f	or closed-session minutes t	o be kept and adopted	as sealed?
		informatio	omeone in the closed sess a that must be disclosed in the see the model closing state.	the minutes of the next	f each item of open meeting?
		disclose, in	ing recessed to hold a close the minutes of the next op- esent, and subjects discusse	en meeting, the date, the	on, arranged to me, and place,
6.		online if practica	ed for the preparation, the a ble, of minutes of the open and this form (when require	meeting, including sur	nmaries of any prior

*This checklist is designed for general use as well as for use at open meetings of public bodies that hold closed meetings on or after 10/1/2017, when a member designated for training cannot attend the initial open meeting. See GP § 3-213(d). Like the earlier checklists, this checklist gives general guidance, does not guarantee "compliance" with every provision of the Open Meetings Act, and will be revised occasionally.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY TO CLOSE SESSION (THE FOURTEEN "EXCEPTIONS")

General Provisions Article § 3-305(b)

- (1) To discuss the appointment, employment, assignment, promotion, discipline, demotion, compensation, removal, resignation, or performance evaluation of an appointee, employee, or official over whom this public body has jurisdiction; or any other personnel matter that affects one or more specific individuals;
- (2) To protect the privacy or reputation of an individual with respect to a matter not related to public business;
- (3) To consider the acquisition of real property for a public purpose and matters directly related to the acquisition;
- (4) To consider a matter that concerns the proposal for a business or industrial organization to locate, expand, or remain in the State;
- (5) To consider the investment of public funds;
- (6) To consider the marketing of public securities;
- (7) To consult with counsel to obtain legal advice;
- (8) To consult with staff, consultants, or other individuals about pending or potential litigation;
- (9) To conduct collective bargaining negotiations or consider matters that relate to the negotiations;
- (10) To discuss public security, if the public body determines that public discussion would constitute a risk to the public or to public security, including: (i) the deployment of fire and police services and staff; and (ii) the development and implementation of emergency plans;
- (11) To prepare, administer, or grade a scholastic, licensing, or qualifying examination;
- (12) To conduct or discuss an investigative proceeding on actual or possible criminal conduct;
- (13) To comply with a specific constitutional, statutory, or judicially imposed requirement that prevents public disclosures about a particular proceeding or matter;
- (14) To discuss, before a contract is awarded or bids are opened, a matter directly related to a negotiating strategy or the contents of a bid or proposal, if public discussion or disclosure would adversely impact the ability of the public body to participate in the competitive bidding or proposal process.