## COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST FOR MEETINGS SUBJECT TO THE MARYLAND OPEN MEETINGS ACT \*

Name	of public body	City Council	Date of Meeting:	June 18, 2018
	_ Did you give "re	asonable advance notice	and keep a copy or screer	nshot?
2		n agenda available wher cable, but at least 24 hou	n notice was posted, or, if nurs before the meeting?	ot yet determined,
3. X	_ Did you make ar	rangements for the publi	ic to attend?	
4. <u>X</u>	<ul> <li>X Is someone prepared to keep minutes in writing or, otherwise, to run the equipment minutes in the form of live and archived video or audio streaming?</li> <li>If part of this meeting might be closed to the public, have you first:</li> </ul>			
5				
	Made sure that the public body designated a member to take training in the Act? (eff. 10/1/17)			raining in the
			ussed falls entirely within o closed session? (see over for	
	Given noti so that the	ce of the open meeting t presiding officer can ho	o be held right before the clud the required public vote	losed session, to close?
	designated attend, ma	to take training in the Ade sure that the public be	neeting will be attended be Act, and, if a designated mody is ready to complete the late has been it to attach to the reason of	ember cannot is compliance
	required	disclosures? (for a n <u>v.marylandattorneygene</u>	o prepare a written statem nodel form with instruct ral.gov/Pages/OpenGov/Op	tions, go to
	Equipped exceptions	the presiding officer to lead topics cited on the	imit the closed session disc written closing statement?	cussion to the
	Arranged	For closed-session minute	es to be kept and adopted as	s sealed?
	informatio	someone in the closed s n that must be disclosed t, see the model closing	session to keep a record of in the minutes of the next of statement).	each item of pen meeting?
	disclose, i		losed administrative session topen meeting, the date, tinused?	
6. X	Have you arrang	ed for the preparation, th	ne adoption as soon as pract	icable, and posting

6. A Have you arranged for the preparation, the adoption as soon as practicable, and posting online if practicable, of minutes of the open meeting, including summaries of any prior closed sessions, and this form (when required), completed on this side?

\*This checklist is designed for general use as well as for use at open meetings of public bodies that hold closed meetings on or after 10/1/2017, when a member designated for training cannot attend the initial open meeting. See GP § 3-213(d). Like the earlier checklists, this checklist gives general guidance, does not guarantee "compliance" with every provision of the Open Meetings Act, and will be revised occasionally.

## STATUTORY AUTHORITY TO CLOSE SESSION (THE FOURTEEN "EXCEPTIONS")

**General Provisions Article § 3-305(b)** 

- (1) To discuss the appointment, employment, assignment, promotion, discipline, demotion, compensation, removal, resignation, or performance evaluation of an appointee, employee, or official over whom this public body has jurisdiction; or any other personnel matter that affects one or more specific individuals;
- (2) To protect the privacy or reputation of an individual with respect to a matter not related to public business;
- (3) To consider the acquisition of real property for a public purpose and matters directly related to the acquisition;
- (4) To consider a matter that concerns the proposal for a business or industrial organization to locate, expand, or remain in the State;
- (5) To consider the investment of public funds;
- (6) To consider the marketing of public securities;
- (7) To consult with counsel to obtain legal advice;
- (8) To consult with staff, consultants, or other individuals about pending or potential litigation;
- (9) To conduct collective bargaining negotiations or consider matters that relate to the negotiations;
- (10) To discuss public security, if the public body determines that public discussion would constitute a risk to the public or to public security, including: (i) the deployment of fire and police services and staff; and (ii) the development and implementation of emergency plans;
- (11) To prepare, administer, or grade a scholastic, licensing, or qualifying examination;
- (12) To conduct or discuss an investigative proceeding on actual or possible criminal conduct;
- (13) To comply with a specific constitutional, statutory, or judicially imposed requirement that prevents public disclosures about a particular proceeding or matter;
- (14) To discuss, before a contract is awarded or bids are opened, a matter directly related to a negotiating strategy or the contents of a bid or proposal, if public discussion or disclosure would adversely impact the ability of the public body to participate in the competitive bidding or proposal process.